

**EFFECT OF SEED PRIMING ON GROWTH, YIELD COMPONENTS
AND YIELD OF LENTIL (*Lens culinaris*)**

A THESIS

BY

MOST. NAZMUN NAHER

Student no. 1805193

Session: 2018-2019

Semester: July-December, 2019

**MASTER OF SCIENCE
IN
AGRONOMY**



DEPARTMENT OF AGRONOMY

**HAJEE MOHAMMAD DANESH SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
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**Submitted to the
Department of Agronomy
Hajee Mohammad Danesh Science and Technology University, Dinajpur
In partial fulfillment of the requirements of degree of**

**MASTER OF SCIENCE
IN
AGRONOMY**



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DECEMBER, 2019



*Dedicated to
My
Beloved Parents*

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

All praises are due to the Almighty Allah, the great, the gracious, merciful and supreme ruler of the universe to complete the research work and thesis successfully for the degree of Master of Science (MS) in Agronomy.

*The author expresses her heartfelt gratitude and profound appreciation to her reverend research Supervisor **Professor Dr. Md. Shafiqul Islam Sikdar**, Department of Agronomy, Hajee Mohammad Danesh Science and Technology University, Dinajpur for his scholastic guidance, boundless co-operation, continuous encouragement, constructive advice and intellectual instructions during my the tenure of research work and preparation of the manuscript.*

*The author deems it a proud privilege to acknowledge her gratefulness, boundless gratitude and best regards to her respectable co-supervisor **Professor Dr. Md. Sohikul Islam**, Department of Agronomy, Hajee Mohammad Danesh Science and Technology University, Dinajpur for his valuable advice, constructive criticism and factual comments in upgrading the research work,*

*The author would like to express her deepest respect and boundless gratitude to all the respected teacher **Professor Dr. Md. Mominur Rahman and others teachers** of the Department of Agronomy, Hajee Mohammad Danesh Science and Technology University, Dinajpur for their valuable teaching, sympathetic co-operation, and inspirations throughout the course of this study and research work,*

The author acknowledges her sincere thanks to all field staff of the Agronomy Field Laboratory, Department of Agronomy, Hajee Mohammad Danesh Science and Technology University, Dinajpur for their help and cooperation for the management of the experimental crop in the field.

The author wishes to extend her special thanks to Marina Akter Rina, Md. Akhtaruzzaman and Mashrufa Tasnim Tithi for their help during experimentation. Special thanks to all other friends for their support and encouragement to complete this study. The authoress likes to express her thanks to NST (National Science and Technology) for funding my research.

The author is deeply indebted to her father and grateful to her respectful mother, sisters and other relatives for their moral support, encouragement and love with cordial understanding

The author

ABSTRACT

The experiment was conducted to assess the “Effect of seed priming on growth, yield components, and yield of lentil (*Lens culinaris*) at the Agronomy Research Field of Hajee Mohammad Danesh Science and Technology University, Dinajpur during the period from November, 2018 to March, 2019. The experiment comprised four levels seed priming and two varieties of lentil. The experiment was laid out in Randomized Complete Block Design (Factorial) with three replications. Each block was divided into 8 plots where 8 treatment combinations were allotted at random. The treatments were designed with two factors i. varieties; V_1 = BARI Masur-7, V_2 = BARI Masur-8 and ii. Seed priming; P_1 = Normal seed (Control), P_2 = Hydro priming (DW), P_3 = Halo priming (KNO_3 :1% solution of potassium nitrate), P_4 = Hormonal priming (4% solution of mannitol). Both seed priming and varieties had significant effect on plant height (cm), branches plant⁻¹ number of pods plant⁻¹, number of seeds pod⁻¹, pod length (cm), weight of 1000-seeds, seed yield (t ha⁻¹), biological yield (t ha⁻¹) and harvest index (%) except stover yield (t ha⁻¹). Results revealed that varieties had significant effect on yield attributes and yield of lentil. BARI Masur-8 gave maximum pods plant⁻¹ (54.23), 1000-seeds weight (21.93 g), seed yield (1.86t ha⁻¹) as well as harvest index (44.68 %). In case of seed priming, significant variations were observed in yield attributes and yield of lentil P_3 (1% KNO_3) gave higher pods plant⁻¹ (57.61), 1000-seeds weight (22.15 g), seed yield (2.08 t ha⁻¹) and harvest index (46.89 %). P_3 had 27.60 % higher yield than P_1 (1.63 t ha⁻¹) which was minimum yield. Interaction effects of varieties and seed priming were significantly influenced all most parameters of yield attributes and yield of lentil. The interaction effect of V_2P_3 (BARI Masur-8 and priming with 1% KNO_3) where maximum pods plant⁻¹ (61.11), seeds pod⁻¹ (1.82), 1000-seeds weight (22.74 g), harvest index (47.66 %) as well as seed yield (2.14 t ha⁻¹) were recorded. V_2P_3 had 32.09% increased seed yield over V_1P_1 which gave significantly minimum seed yield (1.62t ha⁻¹).

CONTENTS

CHAPTER	TITLE	PAGE NO.
	ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	i
	ABSTRACT	ii
	LIST OF CONTENTS	iii
	LIST OF TABLES	vii
	LIST OF FIGURES	viii
	LIST OF APPENDICES	ix
	LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS	x
I	INTRODUCTION	1-3
II	REVIEW OF LITERATURE	4-23
	2.1 Effect of variety	4
	2.1.1 Plant height	4
	2.1.2 Branches plant ⁻¹	6
	2.1.3 Plant dry matter	7
	2.1.4 Days to crop maturity	8
	2.1.5 Number of nodules plant ⁻¹	8
	2.1.6 Number of pods plant ⁻¹	9
	2.1.7 Number of seeds pod ⁻¹	9
	2.1.8 Weight of 1000-seeds	10
	2.1.9 Seed yield	11
	2.1.10 Stover yield	12
	2.1.11 Biological yield	12
	2.1.12 Harvest index (%)	13
	2.2 Effect of priming	14
	2.2.1 Effect on germination parameters	14
	2.2.1.1 Shoot length	16
	2.2.1.2 Root length	17
	2.2.1.3 Plant height	17
	2.2.1.4 No of branches per plant	18
	2.2.2 Effect on yield components	19
	2.2.2.1 No. of pods per plants	19
	2.2.2.2 Pod length	20

CONTENTS

CHAPTER	TITLE	PAGE NO.
	2.2.2.3 Number of seeds pod ⁻¹	20
	2.2.2.4 1000-seeds weight	21
	2.2.2.5 Seed yield	22
III	MATERIALS AND METHODS	24-33
	3.1 Description of the experimental site	24
	3.1.1 Location	24
	3.1.2 Soil	24
	3.1.3 Climate and weather	24
	3.2 Plant materials	25
	3.3 Treatments under investigation	25
	3.4 Description of the treatments	26
	3.5 Experimental design and layout	27
	3.6. Procedures of the experiment	28
	3.6.1 Seed collection and seed priming	28
	3.6.2 Preparation of experimental land	29
	3.6.3 Fertilizer application	29
	3.7 Sowing of seeds	29
	3.8 Intercultural operations	29
	3.8.1 Thinning	29
	3.8.2 Weed control	29
	3.8.3 Application of irrigation water	29
	3.8.4 Plant protection measures	30
	3.9 Harvesting and sampling	30
	3.10 Threshing	30
	3.11 Drying, cleaning and weighing	30

CONTENTS (Contd.)

CHAPTER	TITLE	PAGE NO.
3.12	Data recording	30
3.13	Procedure of recording data	31
3.13.1	Plant height (cm)	31
3.13.2	Number of branches plant ⁻¹	31
3.13.3	Number of pods plant ⁻¹	31
3.13.4	Pod length (cm)	32
3.13.5	No. of seeds pod ⁻¹	32
3.13.6	Weight of 1000-seeds (g)	32
3.13.7	Seed yield (t ha ⁻¹)	32
3.13.8	Stover yield (t ha ⁻¹)	33
3.13.9	Biological yield (t ha ⁻¹)	33
3.13.10	Harvest index (%)	33
3.14	Analysis of data	33
IV	RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	34-55
4.1	Effect on plant height (cm)	34
4.1.1	Effect of different varieties	34
4.1.2	Effect of different priming	35
4.1.3	Interaction effect	36
4.2	Branches plant ⁻¹ (no)	37
4.2.1	Effect of different varieties	37
4.2.2	Effect of different priming	38
4.2.3	Interaction effect	39
4.3	Effect on pods plant ⁻¹ (no)	39
4.3.1	Effect of different varieties	39
4.3.2	Effect of different priming	40
4.3.3	Interaction effect	40
4.4	Effect on pod length (cm)	41
4.4.1	Effect of different varieties	41
4.4.2	Effect of different priming	41
4.4.3	Interaction effect	42

CONTENTS (Contd.)

CHAPTER	TITLE	PAGE NO.
4.5	Effect on seeds pod ⁻¹ (no)	43
4.5.1	Effect of different varieties	43
4.5.2	Effect of different priming	44
4.5.3	Interaction effect	45
4.6	Effect on 1000-seeds weight (g)	45
4.6.1	Effect of different varieties	45
4.6.2	Effect of different priming	45
4.6.3	Interaction effect	46
4.7	Effect on seed yield	47
4.7.1	Effect of different varieties	48
4.7.2	Effect of different priming	48
4.7.3	Interaction effect	49
4.8	Effect on stover yield	49
4.8.1	Effect of different varieties	49
4.8.2	Effect of different priming	50
4.8.3	Interaction effect	51
4.9	Effect on biological yield	51
4.9.1	Effect of different varieties	51
4.9.2	Effect of different priming	51
4.9.3	Interaction effect	52
4.10	Effect on harvest index	53
4.10.1	Effect of different varieties	53
4.10.2	Effect of different priming	54
4.10.3	Interaction effect	55
V	SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION	56-58
	REFERENCES	59-66
	APPENDICES	67-71

LIST OF TABLES

TABLE NO.	TITLE	PAGE NO.
1	Interaction effect of variety and different priming treatments on plant height (cm)	37
2	Interaction effect of variety and different priming treatments on Branches plant ⁻¹ (no.), Pods plant ⁻¹ (no.) and Pod length (cm) of lentil	43
3	Interaction effect of variety and different priming treatments on Seeds pod ⁻¹ (no), 1000-seeds weight (g) and Seed yield (t ha ⁻¹) of lentil	47
4	Interaction effect of variety and different priming treatments on Stover yield (t ha ⁻¹), Biological yield (t ha ⁻¹) and Harvest index (%) the of lentil	53

LIST OF FIGURES

FIGURE NO.	TITLE	PAGE NO.
1	Field layout of the experiment	28
2	Effect of varieties on plant height (cm) at 30 das, 60 das, 90 das and at harvest	34
3	Effect of priming treatments on the plant height (cm) of lentil at different days after sowing (30 das, 60 das, 90 das and at Harvest)	35
4	Effect of variety on the branches plant ⁻¹ (no.) of lentil	38
5	Effect of priming treatments on the branches plant ⁻¹ (no.) of lentil	38
6	Effect of variety on the pods plant ⁻¹ (no) of lentil	39
7	Effect of priming treatments on the pods plant ⁻¹ (no.) of lentil	40
8	Effect of variety on the pod length (cm) of lentil	41
9	Effect of priming treatments on the pod length (cm) of lentil	42
10	Effect of variety on the seeds pod ⁻¹ (no) of lentil	44
11	Effect of priming treatments on the seeds pod ⁻¹ (no) of lentil	44
12	Effect of variety on the 1000-seeds weight (g) of lentil	45
13	Effect of priming treatments on the 1000-seeds weight (g) of lentil	46
14	Effect of priming treatments on the seed yield (t ha ⁻¹) of lentil	48
15	Effect of priming treatments on the seed yield (t ha ⁻¹) of lentil	49
16	Effect of variety on stover yield (t ha ⁻¹) of the of lentil	50
17	Effect of priming treatments on stover yield (t ha ⁻¹) of the lentil	50
18	Effect of variety on the biological yield (t ha ⁻¹) the of lentil	51
19	Effect of priming treatments on biological yield (t ha ⁻¹) of the lentil	52
20	Effect of variety on harvest index (%) the of lentil	54
21	Effect of priming treatments on harvest index (%) of the lentil	54

LIST OF APPENDICES

APPENDIX NO.	TITLE	PAGE NO.
I	Morphological, physical and chemical characteristics of soil of experimental field	67
II	Monthly recorded of air temperature, rainfall, relative humidity and sunshine at the experimental site	69

ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

%	= Percent
AEZ	= Agro-Ecological Zone
Agric.	= Agriculture
Agril.	= Agricultural
ANOVA	= Analysis of Variance
BARI	= Bangladesh Agricultural Research Institute
BBS	= Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics
BINA	= Bangladesh Institute of Nuclear Agriculture
Ca	= Calcium
CCC	= Chlorocholine Chloride
CHO	= Carbohydrate
cm	= Centi-meter
CV	= Co-efficient of Variation
DAS	= Days after sowing
DMRT	= Duncan's Multiple Range Test
DW	= Distilled Water
et al.	= and others (<i>at elli</i>)
FAO	= Food and Agriculture Organization
g	= gram (s)
GA ₃	= Gibberellic acid
ha	= Hectare
HI	= Harvest Index
HSTU	= Hajee Mohammad Danesh Science and Technology University
IAA	= Indole -3-acetic acid
IBA	= Indole-3 butyric acid
K	= Potassium
kg	= Kilogram
Kg/ha	= Kilogram/hectare
KNO ₃	= Potassium Nitrate
m	= Meter
MOG	= Microbial Organism
N	= Nitrogen

no	= Number
PEG	= Polyethylene Glycol
PGR	= Plant Growth Regulator
pH	= Hydrogen ion concentration
ppm	= Parts per million
RCBD	= Randomized Complete Block Design
UNDP	= United Nations Development Program
Viz	= Namely
Zn	= Zinc